



remedē[®] System

1.5 Tesla and 3 Tesla Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) Guidelines Manual

remedē[®] Implantable Pulse Generator Model 1001, 1100, 1600

respistim[®] L Stimulation Lead Models 2002, 2003, 2004

respistim[®] LQ Stimulation Lead Models:

IS-1 Terminal Models: 5045 - 5085, 5145 - 5185

In line Terminal Models: 5645 - 5685

respistim[®] LQS Stimulation Lead Models:

IS-1 Terminal Models: 4045 - 4085, 4145 - 4185

In line Terminal Models: 4645 - 4685

respistim[®] R Stimulation Lead Models:

IS-1 Terminal Models: 3101 - 3106, 3201 - 3206

In line Terminal Models: 3601 - 3606, 3611 – 3616, 3651 - 3656

RxOnly

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




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








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1.1 Symbols Used on Product or Package Labeling

Refer to individual product for applicable symbols.

	Applies to U.S. audiences only
	Catalog or Reference Number
	Lot Number
	Sterilized using ethylene-oxide gas
	Sterile Lot Number
	Do Not Reuse/Single Use Only
	Do Not Resterilize
	Temperature Limitation/Temperature Range
	Caution
	MR Unsafe
	MR Conditional
	Use by/Expiration date

	Date of Manufacture
	Manufacturer
	Quantity in Package
	Inside Diameter
	Outside Diameter
	Length
	Consult Instructions for Use
	Keep away from heat and keep dry
	Non-ionizing electromagnetic radiation
	Federal Communications Commission notice (USA)
	Use by prescription only

1.2 Introduction

These guidelines are a supplement to the **remedē** System Implant and Clinician Use Manual for using 1.5T and 3T horizontal cylindrical (closed bore) MRI systems for patients implanted with the **remedē** System. Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) is a tool used to diagnose various diseases and conditions. MRI uses a powerful static magnetic field, gradient magnetic fields and RF energy to construct an image of a section of the body.

Tests have shown that patients implanted with the **remedē** System can be safely exposed to MR environments specified in this guideline. However, MR scans performed outside these guidelines may result in the MRI field interacting with the implanted devices, potentially injuring the patient, and damaging the implanted device. Due to risks associated with using an MRI with an implanted device, it is important to read, understand and comply with these instructions to prevent potential harm to the patient and/or damage to the device.

The implantable components of the **remedē** System are MR Conditional devices that demonstrate no known hazards in a specified MR environment when following specific guidelines as outlined in this document. The **remedē** System implantable components consist of an implantable pulse generator (IPG), one transvenous lead to stimulate the phrenic nerve, and one optional transvenous sensing lead to sense respiration via transthoracic impedance (sensing lead compatible with Model 1001/1100 IPG only). It is IMPORTANT to read this full document prior to conducting or recommending an MRI examination on a patient with the **remedē** System. These instructions only apply to the **remedē** System and do not apply to other products. The current version of these guidelines can be found at remede.zoll.com.

1.3 Description of MR Conditional remedē System Components

The following tables provide the model numbers of components that may comprise an MR Conditional **remedē** System.

Table 1 remedē System components that are eligible for Whole-body MRI scans and Head Scan (1.5T and 3T) under specified conditions.


 Component	Model Number(s)
remedē IPG	1001, 1100, 1600
respistim Left Stimulation Lead	L Lead Models – 2002, 2003, 2004 LQ Lead Models – 50XX, 51XX, 56XX LQS Lead Models – 40XX, 41XX, 46XX Where “XX” denotes Lead Length in cm (45, 55, 65 or 85 cm)
respistim Right Stimulation Lead	R Lead Models - 3101–3106, 3201–3206, 3601–3606, 3611–3616, 3651-3656

Table 2 Off-the-shelf components that are eligible for Whole-body and Head MRI scans (1.5T and 3T) when used with the remedē System under specified conditions.



Component Description	Use Considerations
Bipolar Sensing Lead with IS-1 terminal and co-radial coil	The remedē Model 1001 / 1100 IPGs were evaluated to be MR Conditionally safe using an off-the-shelf, IS-1 bipolar lead with co-radial coil connected to the IPG sensing port. However, prior to an MRI examination, determine whether the patient has a sensing lead inserted into the remedē Model 1001 / 1100 IPG sensing port. If so, the MR labeling of the sensing lead must be determined and the most restrictive MRI exposure requirements must be used of the medical device implants. Contact the appropriate device manufacturers if you have questions. If you are unclear what implants may be present, perform an x-ray to determine implant type and location. Do not conduct an MRI examination if any conditions or implants that would prohibit or contraindicate an MRI are present.
IS-1 Port Plug (3.5cm) with metallic contacts	The remedē Model 1001 / 1100 IPGs were evaluated to be MR Conditionally safe using an off-the-shelf, IS-1 port plug (3.5 cm in length) with metallic contacts inserted into the IPG sensing port. However, prior to an MRI examination, determine whether the patient has an IS-1 port plug inserted into the remedē Model 1001 / 1100 IPG sensing port. If so, ensure the IS-1 port plug is no greater than 3.5cm in length or has MR conditional approval. Contact the appropriate device manufacturers if you have questions. If you are unclear what implants may be present, perform an x-ray to determine implant type and location. Do not conduct an MRI examination if any conditions or implants that would prohibit or contraindicate an MRI are present.

The following table lists components of the **remedē** System that are MR Unsafe. **Do not bring these components into the MR scanner room.**

Table 3 Components of the remedē System that are MR Unsafe



Component	Model Number(s)
Physician Programmer	1002A
Programming Wand	1004A, 1004A-F
EIPG	1006, 1006A
Lead Adapter	1007

1.3.1 remedē® Patient ID card

Advise the patient to bring the most up-to-date patient ID card to all MRI appointments. MRI personnel can then use the patient ID card to identify ZOLL Respicardia as the manufacturer of the patient’s implantable system.

1.4 Definition of Terms

- **MR Conditional:** An item with demonstrated safety in the MR environment within defined conditions. At a minimum, address the conditions of the static magnetic field, the switched gradient magnetic field and the radiofrequency fields. Additional conditions, including specific configurations of the item, may be required.
- **Radio frequency (RF) magnetic field:** The magnetic field in MRI that is used to flip the magnetic moments.
- **Specific absorption rate (SAR):** Radiofrequency power absorbed per unit of mass (W/kg).
- **B_{1+RMS}:** Time averaged B₁₊ field measured in micro-Tesla (μT).
- **Tesla (T):** The SI unit of magnetic induction equal to 10⁴ gauss (G).
- **Integrated Body Coil:** The coil built-in to the MRI system that functions both as transmit and received coil and can be used as transmit-only integrated body coil in conjunction with receive-only local coils.
- **Transmit/Receive head coil:** A coil used to transmit and receive RF energy that is limited to the head only.
- **Transmit/Receive local coil:** A coil used to transmit and receive RF energy that is limited to a section of the body only (e.g. knee coil).
- **Concomitant implanted device:** Any other implantable product, active or inactive. (e.g. implantable device for treatment of obstructive sleep apnea, cardiac stimulators and monitors, stimulators for pain, etc.)

1.5 MRI Risks Associated with the remedē System

The potential risks of performing MRI on patients implanted with the **remedē** System include:

- Device movement
- Excessive heating of or around the implanted device components
- Tissue damage
- Damage to the device
- Device interactions
- Uncomfortable sensation
- Image artifact

1.6 Contraindications and Warnings

1.6.1 Contraindications

Do not use MRI systems that are vertical field (open bore) or are operating at static magnetic field strengths other than 1.5T or 3T. The risks of using MRI systems operating at static magnetic field strengths other than 1.5T or 3T have not been determined and could be significant.

1.6.2 Warnings

Other implanted devices – Prior to an MRI examination, determine whether the patient has multiple medical device implants, either active medical device implants (such as deep-brain stimulation systems, implantable cardiac defibrillators, etc.) or passive medical device implants (such as spinal hardware, stents, etc.). The most restrictive MRI exposure requirements must be used of the medical device implants. Contact the appropriate device manufacturers if you have questions. If you are unclear what implants may be present, perform an x-ray to determine implant type and location. Do not conduct an MRI examination if any conditions or implants that would prohibit or contraindicate an MRI are present.

1.7 MRI Center Instructions

1.7.1 Prior to MRI Examination

The following steps shall be performed by the MRI center when scheduling the scan with the patient.

Step 1: Confirm that the patient's implanted remedē System components are MR Conditional (see [Table 1](#) and [Table 2](#)).

Step 2: Check if the patient has any other medical device implants.

The most restrictive MRI exposure requirements must be used if the patient has multiple medical device implants. Consult with the manufacturers of the devices.

Step 3: What to bring the day of the MRI scan.

Inform the patient to bring their patient ID card to the MRI scan.

1.7.2 Preparing a Patient for an MRI Scan

Before conducting an MRI scan, the following steps must be performed. If there are questions about these instructions, do NOT scan the patient and contact Respicardia Technical Services.

Step 1: Confirm that the patient has brought their patient ID card.

Step 2: Confirm that the patient’s implanted remedē System components are MR Conditional (Table 1 and Table 2).

Step 3: Check if the patient has any other medical device implants.

The most restrictive MRI exposure requirements must be used if the patient has multiple medical device implants. Consult with the manufacturers of the devices.

Step 4: Do NOT conduct an MRI scan if there are abandoned respistim leads

Step 5: Document the patient’s therapy settings

Interrogate the remedē IPG and store the patient’s therapy settings. This information may be used for restoring the patient’s therapy following an MRI scan.

Step 6: Perform a stimulation lead impedance check of all electrodes using the Physician Programmer.

Do NOT perform an MRI scan if the impedance check provides a warning indicating any impedance is out of range.

Step 7: Program Mode to OFF.

Step 8: Perform the MRI scan per the requirements in the following sections.

1.7.3 Additional Information

- A trained professional with the proper knowledge of MRI equipment such as an MRI-trained radiologist or MRI physicist must ensure the MRI examination will be conducted according to the information outlined in this document.
- Inform the patients of all the risks associated with undergoing an MRI examination as stated in this document.
- Always consult with the physician responsible for managing the patient’s remedē system.
- If possible, do not sedate the patient, so the patient can inform the MRI operator of any problems during the examination.

- Instruct the patient to immediately inform the MRI operator if any discomfort, stimulation, shocking or heating is experienced during the examination.
- MRI images near implanted devices may contain image artifacts. Contact ZOLL Respicardia for additional information about the expected extent and appearance of the image artifact under various scan conditions.

1.8 MRI Conditions for Use with the remedē System

The MRI examinations described below can be safely conducted in patients with the **remedē** System if all the instructions in this document are followed. Non-clinical testing has shown the **remedē** System is MR Conditional. A patient with this system can be safely scanned using 1.5T and 3T MR scanners meeting the following conditions.

1.8.1 General Requirements


Verify the following with the patients' physician, referring medical facility, implanting physician or a Respicardia representative.

- The **remedē** System components listed in **Table 3** are MR Unsafe and should not be allowed into the MRI scan (magnet) room.
- Do not perform MR scan if the patient is implanted with a **remedē** System component not listed in **Table 1** above.
- Ensure the steps listed in section 1.7 (MRI Center Instructions) are completed.
- Do not cover the patient with blankets or heated blankets. Blankets raise the patient's body temperature and increase the risk of tissue heating, which could cause tissue damage.

1.8.2 MRI Scanning

MRI scans can be safely conducted in patients implanted with the **remedē** System using 1.5T and 3T MR scanners if the following conditions in **Table 4** are met:

Table 4 remedē System MRI Scanning Conditions

 MRI Safety Information	
A person implanted with the remedē Implant System may be safely scanned anywhere in the body at 1.5T or 3.0T under the following conditions. Failure to follow these conditions may result in injury.	
Parameter	Condition
Device Name	remedē IPG* respistim Lead* Sensing Lead** IS-1 Port Plug with metallic contacts** <i>*see Table 1 for component description</i> <i>**see Table 2 for component description</i>
Device Configuration	Mode: OFF
Static Magnetic Field Strength (B ₀)	1.5T and 3T
MR Scanner Type	Cylindrical
B ₀ Field Orientation	Horizontal
Maximum Spatial Field Gradient	19.1 T/m (1910 gauss/cm)
Maximum Gradient Slew Rate	200 T/m/s per axis
RF Excitation	Circularly Polarized (CP)
RF Transmit Coil Type	Integrated Whole Body Transmit Coil, Head Coil
Operating Mode	See diagrams and Table 5 & 6 below (section 1.8.3)
RF Conditions	
Scan Duration & Zones	
Image Artifact	The presence of the remedē Implant System may produce an image artifact of 7.8 cm at the IPG and 1.4 cm at the distal end of the lead. Some manipulation of scan parameters may be needed to compensate for the artifact.

1.8.3 Scan Duration and Zones - Coil Positioning Restrictions

MRI scans can be safely conducted in the four zones indicated in **Figure 1** below in patients implanted with the **remedē** System using 1.5T and 3T MR scanners if the scan time conditions in either **Table 5** (1.5T Scans) or **Table 6** (3T Scans) are met.

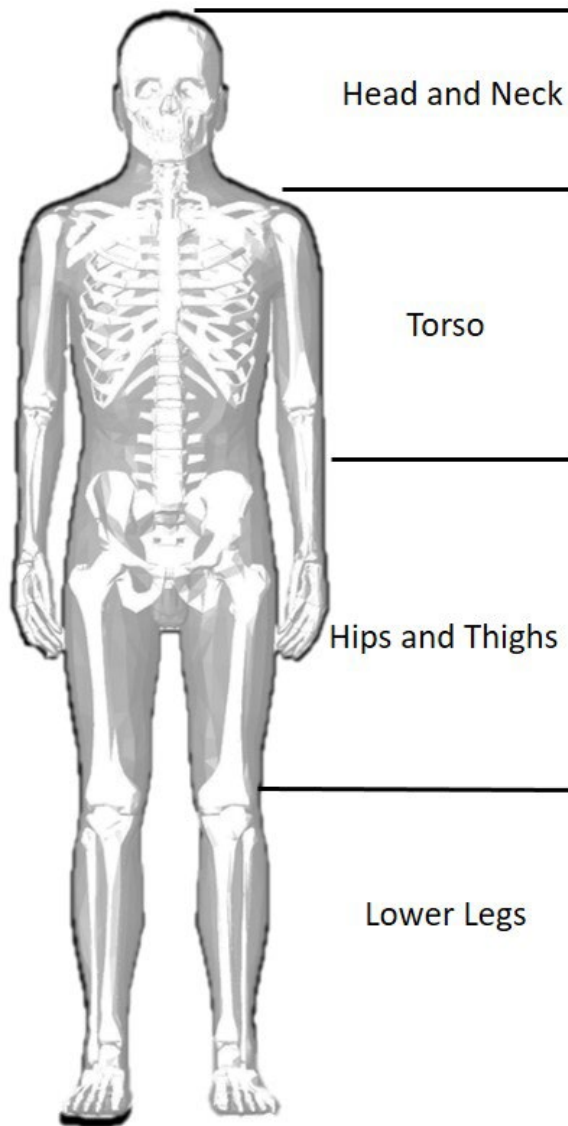


Figure 1 Coil Position Restriction Zones

Table 5 1.5T Operating Mode Scan Time Restrictions per Zone

Field Strength	Zone	Normal Operating Mode*		Whole Body SAR Level: 1 W/kg		Whole Body SAR Level: 0.5 W/kg	
		Active Scan Time (minutes)	Wait Time (minutes)	Active Scan Time (minutes)	Wait Time (minutes)	Active Scan Time (minutes)	Wait Time (minutes)
1.5T	Head & Neck	4	12	8.5	12	17	12
	Torso	4	12	8.5	12	17	12
	Hips & Thighs	Active RF Scan Time is 60 minutes in a 75-minute time period.					
	Lower Legs						

*SAR limits of Normal Operating Mode as defined in IEC 60601-2-33:2022 (Ed 4.0) (Table 201.104): Whole Body SAR: 2 W/kg, Head SAR: 3.2 W/kg, Partial Body SAR: 2-10 W/kg.

Table 6 3T Operating Mode Scan Time Restrictions per Zone

Field Strength	Zone	Normal Operating Mode*		Whole Body SAR Level: 1 W/kg		Whole Body SAR Level: 0.5 W/kg	
		Active Scan Time (minutes)	Wait Time (minutes)	Active Scan Time (minutes)	Wait Time (minutes)	Active Scan Time (minutes)	Wait Time (minutes)
3T	Head & Neck	2	12	4.5	12	9.5	12
	Torso	2	12	6	12	12	12
	Hips & Thighs	15	N/A**	Active RF Scan Time is 60 minutes in a 75-minute time period.			
	Lower Legs						

*SAR limits of Normal Operating Mode as defined in IEC 60601-2-33:2022 (Ed 4.0) (Table 201.104): Whole Body SAR: 2 W/kg, Head SAR: 3.2 W/kg, Partial Body SAR: 2-10 W/kg.

** The wait time is not applicable since consecutive 3T scans are not permitted in the Hips & Thighs zone.

1.9 Considerations during the MRI examination

Carefully monitor the patient throughout the MRI examination both visually and audibly. Discontinue the MRI examination immediately if the patient cannot respond to questions or reports any problems.

1.10 Considerations after the MRI examination

The patient's physician, referring medical facility, implanting physician or Respicardia representative, shall perform the following:

- Interrogate the IPG and, if applicable, restore the IPG to pre-MRI settings.
- The **remedē** System may enter into Safe Mode in the presence of a very large magnetic field such as an MRI machine. Upon IPG interrogation, the **remedē** System Programmer will display an alert indicating the device has reverted to a secure mode (see example in **Figure 2**). The Implantable Device information on Programmer Summary tab will also list the Operating Mode as Safe as shown in **Figure 3** below.
- Please contact your **remedē** representative if the **remedē** IPG has entered into Safe Mode. The representative will return the IPG to normal operation and confirm proper functioning.

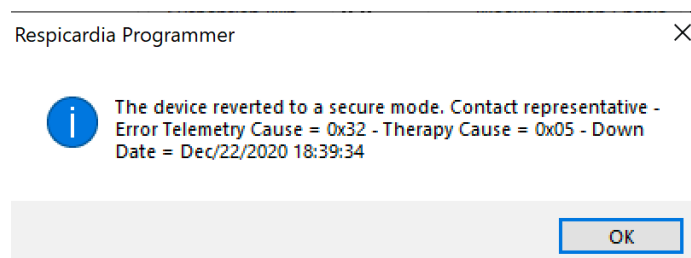


Figure 2 Example of Programmer alert when device has entered in Safe mode

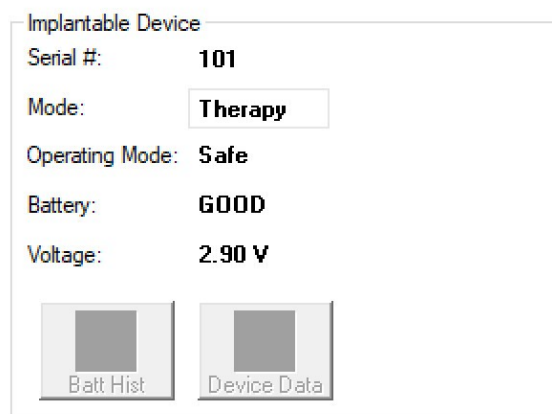


Figure 3 Summary Tab Operating Mode display when Implantable Device is in Safe Mode

ZOLL Respicardia, Inc.

12400 Whitewater Drive, Suite 150

Minnetonka, MN 55343 USA

Phone: (952) 540-4470

Fax: (952) 540-4485

E-mail: info@remede.zoll.com

remede.zoll.com

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ER1400, Revision A